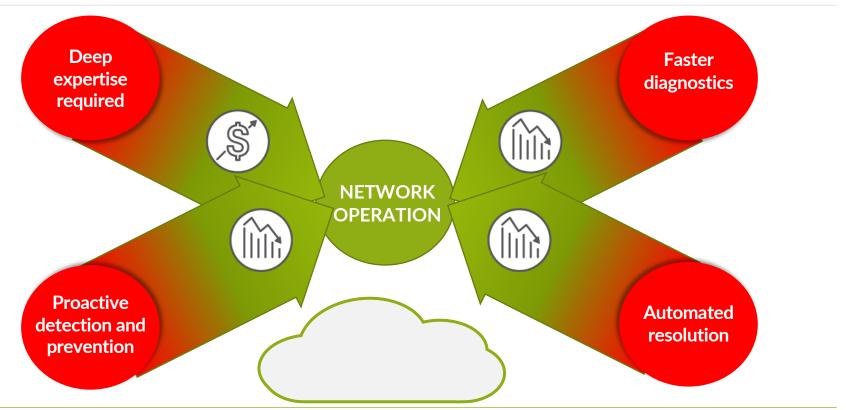


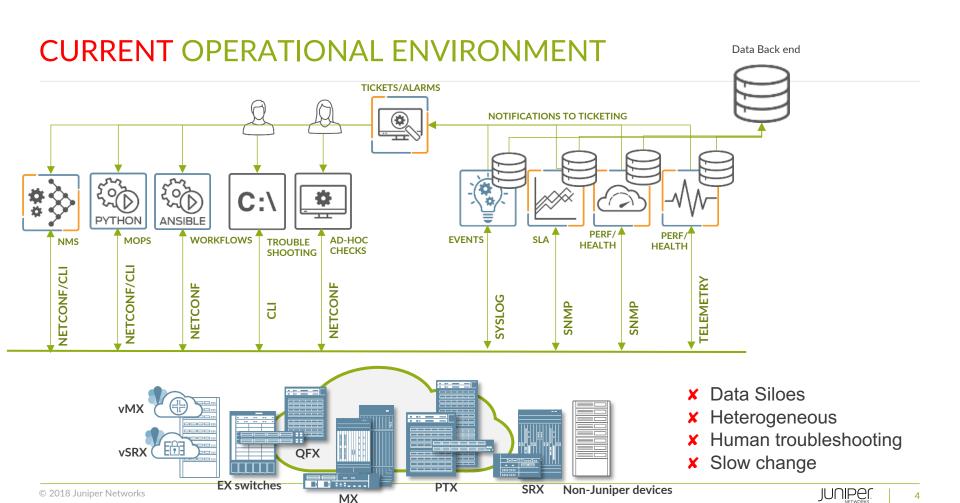
LEGAL DISCLAIMER

This product roadmap sets forth Juniper Networks' current intention and is subject to change at any time without notice. No purchases are contingent upon Juniper Networks delivering any feature or functionality depicted on this roadmap



CURRENT OPERATIONAL CHALLENGES





NETWORK MONITORING AND DIAGNOSTIC

NETWORK MONITORING

DIAGNOSTIC

REMEDIATION

today

- Basic monitoring capabilities.
- Legacy mechanisms (SNMP)
- Not real time.

today

- Manual.
- Reactive
- Not normalized
 - Slow

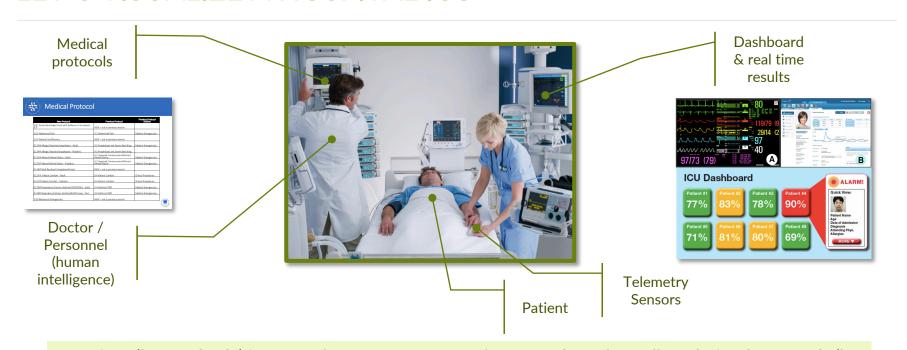
Implications

- Limited insights
- Late response.
- Expensive / inefficient.

Implications

- Long diagnostic and remediation times.
- Resource intensive.
- Dependent on available human resources.

LET'S VISUALIZE A HOSPITAL ICU

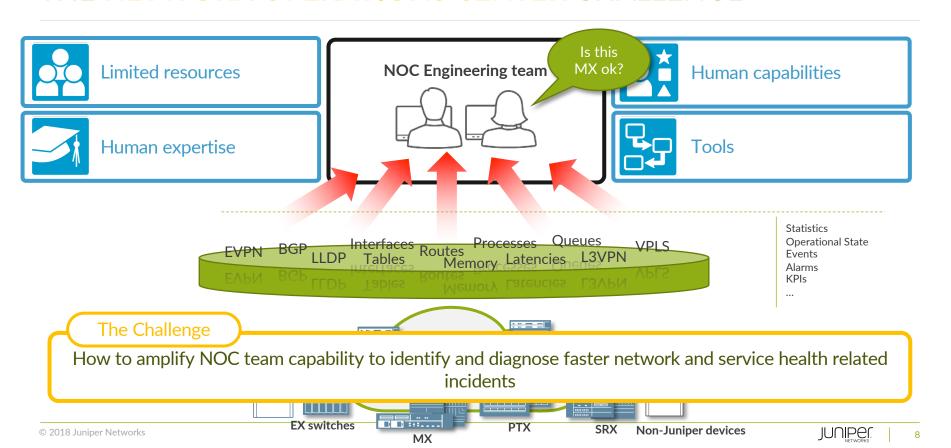


A Patient (human body) is a complex system. **Doctors/personnel** need to follow **defined protocols** (by **expert community**) to properly **monitor health and diagnose**, and need tools to analyze and visualize results.

KEY ATTRIBUTES FOR A CRITICAL SYSTEM MONITORING AND DIAGNOSTICS

	ICU Room	Network (today)	Network (tomorrow)
Complex system	Human patient	Network	Network
Real time telemetry	Vital signs sensors	Limited	Real time streaming Telemetry
Intelligence	Doctors / nurses	NOC engineers	NOC engineers + ML assisted operations
Normalized protocols	Medical protocols	Not normalized Informal, tribal	Normalized monitoring and diagnostics protocols
Expert community	Medical specialists community	Fragmented	Crowd sourced expert community
Tools	ICU Dashboards, etc.	SNMP tools, etc.	Anomaly detection, failure prediction, cross correlation, ML algorithms

THE NETWORK OPERATIONS CENTER CHALLENGE



NETWORK DEVICE HEALTH MONITORING

Q: Is this MX ok?

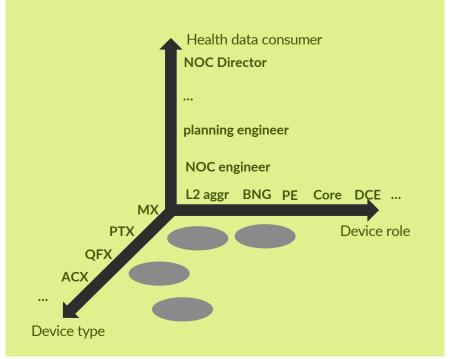
A: It depends, what does "ok" mean?

Q: PFE memory is at 75%, is that bad? A: It depends.



Device health monitoring is highly contextual.

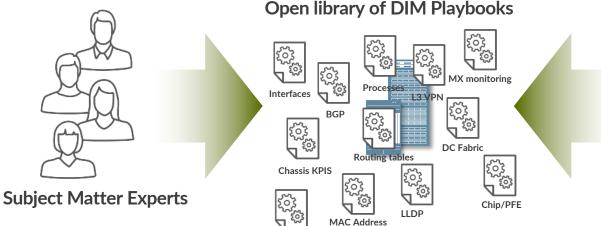
- Device type
- Device role/configuration
- Consumer of the data





BRIDGING THE EXPERTISE GAP WITH CONTRAIL HEALTHBOT





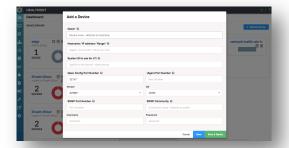
Linecards

Diagnostics Intent Model (DIM)

Domain Specific Language

HEALTHBOT WORKFLOW

1 Discover devices



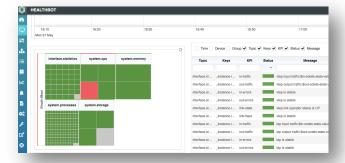
3 Select playbooks to apply



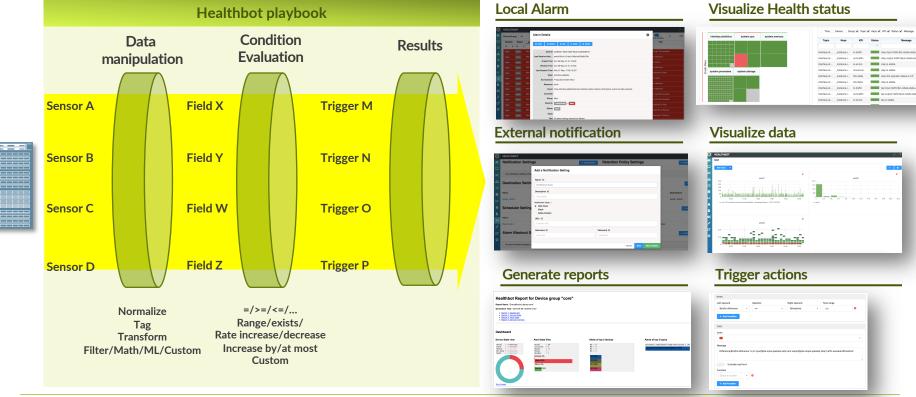
2 Organize your devices in device groups

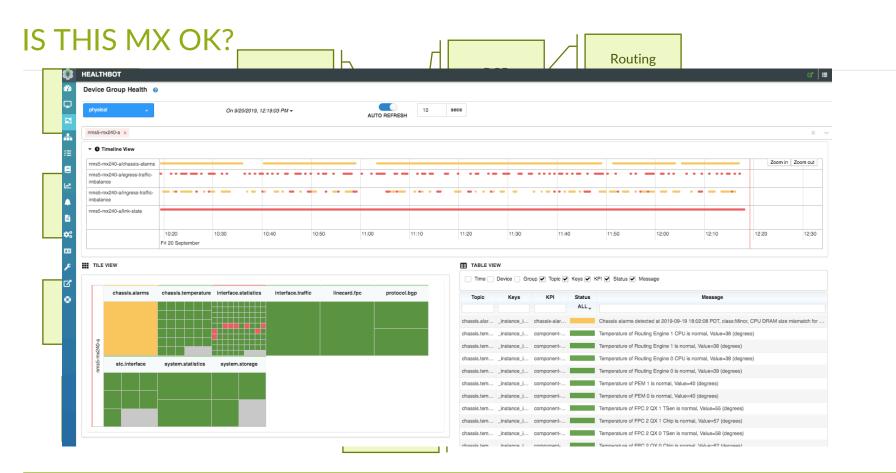


4 Let Healthbot monitor your devices



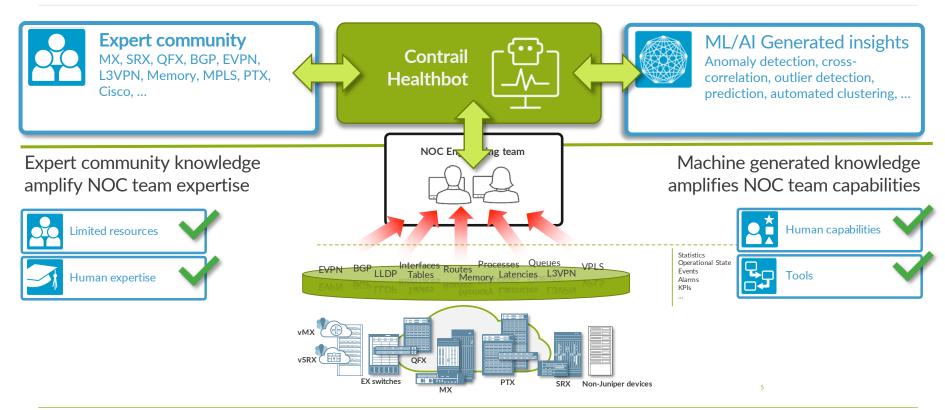
MONITOR THE HEALTH OF A SUBSYSTEM





PEOPLE
PROCESS
TECHNOLOGY

THE NETWORK OPERATIONS CENTER CHALLENGE



HOW HEALTHBOT HELPS THE OPERATIONS TEAM? LAYERS IN THE PROBLEM



Is it a problem of how to shorten diagnostics and problem resolution time?



Is it a problem of how to interpret the data?



Is it a problem of how to analyze the data?



Is it a problem of frequency of the data?



Is it a problem of lack of sufficient data?



Playbook library, community, Cloud of Knowledge, Notifications, UDAs



Expertise encapsulated on Playbooks



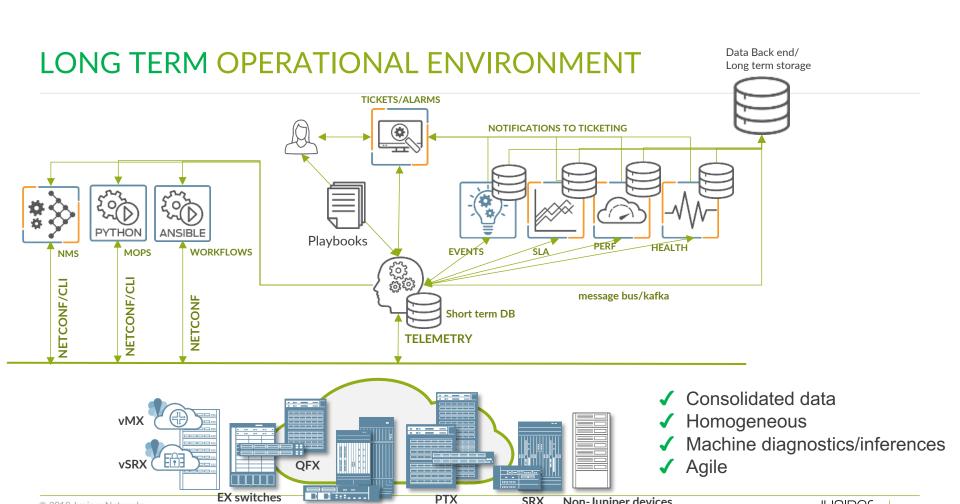
Playbook/rule programming model ML/AI Algorithms



Real time streaming telemetry: JTI, OC gRPC

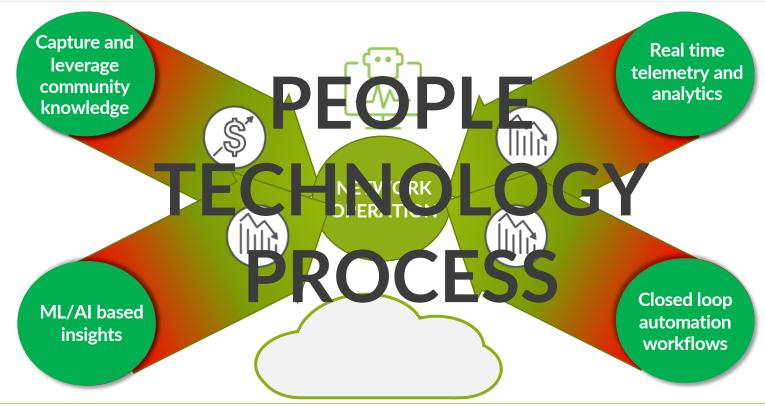


SNMP, Netconf, CLI, Syslog, JTI, gRPC. Zoom-in/out

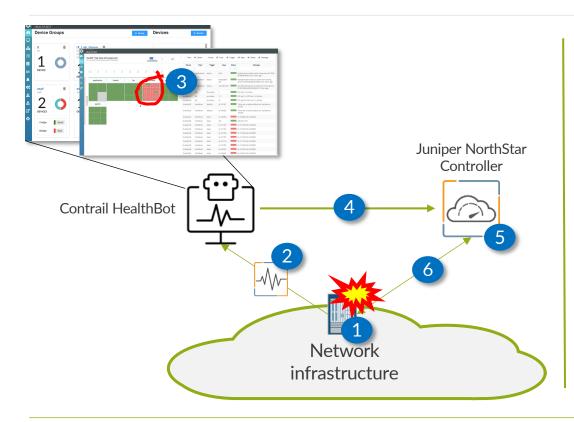


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TRANSFORMING THE OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT



HEALTHBOT – NORTHSTAR INTEGRATION: NODE/LINK MAINTENANCE MODE



- Network Node develops a [potentially] failure condition
- 2 Telemetry signals changes or anomalies
- 3 Playbook running on HealthBot detects or predicts condition
- 4 User Defined Action calls NorthStar REST API Requests node to be set in maintenance.
- 5 NorthStar sets node into maintenance
- 6 LSPs and traffic re-routed from failing node.

Benefits

- Faster condition detection.
- Faster remediation action.
- Reduced or avoided down-time (make before break).

MULTIPLE USE CASES

Traffic black hole detection

Detect the existence of an anomalous traffic drop on PFEs or Fabrics.

Routing protocols diagnostics

Monitor and evaluate behavior of different routing protocols and identify root cause of anomalies

BNG Health Monitoring

Assessment of multiple BNG health KPIs to evaluate overall system condition.

Routing table health analysis

Evaluate routing and forwarding state and identify anomalies

Microburst detection

Identify the existence of traffic bursts that may result in traffic drops

Capacity planning rules compliancy

Enforce capacity planning rules and detect anomalies.

4 PFE Wedge conditions

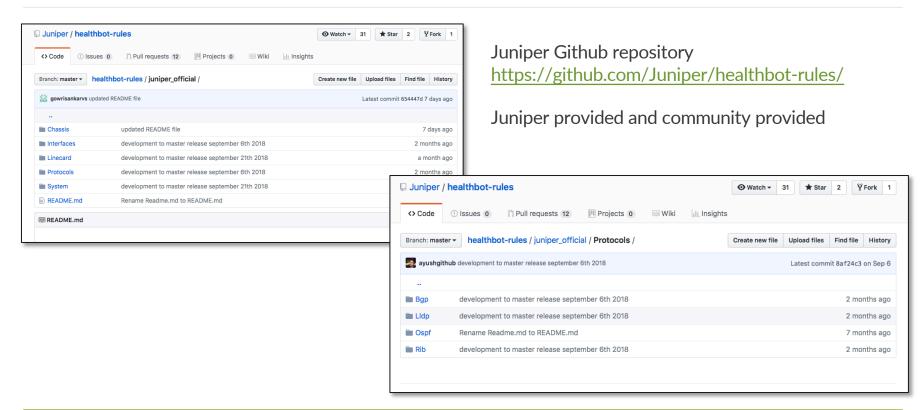
Identify the existence of errors on PFEs that lead or predict the existence of a PFE Wedge

Service health monitoring

Evaluate end-to-end service health (pseudowires, EVPN, etc.)

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HEALTHBOT PLAYBOOK LIBRARY



THANKS!

